Old ENGLAND's Journal.

VOL. I. By J. FREEMAN, and a Society of ANTI-GALLICANS. Numb. 6.

SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1753. (Price Two-pence.

Continuation of the Hiſtory of our National Debts, and Taxes, &c. from the Revolution *to the preſent Time.*

FOR by this Act they charged Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, with a new Additional Exciſe for a Term of ninety-nine Years, from the 25th of *January*, 1692, and mortgaged it as a Security for the Payment of 10 *l. per Cent. per Ann.* until the Year 1700, and 7 *l. per Cent.* afterwards, with the Benefit of Survivorſhip, for the Lives of the Nominees, or 14 *l. per Cent. per Ann.* for a ſingle Life, to any Natives or Foreigners that ſhould become Contributors towards advancing the Sum of *one Million* to the Government before the firſt Day of *May*, 1693. As Intereſt may be called the Price of ready Money, and as that Price muſt always be higher in Time of War than in Time of Peace, becauſe of the increaſed Demand, I am ſurpriſed how Miniſters that had any Conſideration could think of ſuch a Method as this for raiſing Money; for let the Intereſt be never ſo high, if a Power of Redemption be reſerved, it may be reduced as ſoon as Peace is reſtored; but by this irredeemable Method, an high Price is fixed upon the Nation for a long Term of Years. A Nation's ſelling Annuities at ſuch a Time, is like a Gentleman's ſelling his Eſtate for half Price, rather than to pay a little more than common Intereſt upon a Mortgage for a few Years: Yet, as will hereafter appear, this Method was more obſtinately inſiſted on than any other.

By the third of theſe Acts, a great Variety of new Duties, over and above the Duties then payable, were laid upon a Multitude of Sorts of foreign Goods imported after the firſt of *March*, 1692, and before *March* 1, 1696, many of which were neceſſary for our Home Manufactures: And by this Act, and that of the ſecond of the ſame Reign already mentioned, the Buſineſs of a Merchant was rendered ſo myſterious, that moſt of them have ever ſince been obliged to truſt to our Cuſtom-houſe Officers for calculating the Duties they were to pay upon Importation, and the Drawbacks they were entitled to upon Exportation; to which I muſt add, that as the Inſolence of Officers is extremely troubleſome, and the Expence of Perquiſites heavy, if there had been a formed Deſign to ruin both our Trade and our Manufactures, it could not have been more effectually executed, than by thus loading the Materials of Manufacture with Duties, and rendering the Buſineſs of a Merchant ſo difficult and expenſive. It is indeed ſurpriſing, that this fatal Effect has not long ſince been produced; but the Advantages of our Situation, and the natural Induſtry of our People, has hitherto in a great Meaſure blunted the Weapons which we have prepared for our own Deſtruction. And leſt any future Parliament ſhould become ſenſible of the fatal Conſequences of thus incumbering our Commerce and Manufactures, and conſequently repeal this Law, Care was taken to render it perpetual, by enabling their Majeſties to borrow 500,000 *l.* upon the Credit of it at 8 *l. per Cent. per Ann.*

By the fifth of theſe Acts, the Duties upon Wine, Vinegar, and Tobacco, which had been continned by an Act of the ſecond Seſſion of this Parliament, as before mentioned, were farther continued until the 24th of *June*, 1698; the Duties impoſed by the above mentioned third Act of the ſaid ſecond Seſſion, were continued to the 10th of *November*, 1697; and a new Tax was laid upon every 100 *l. Eaſt-India* Stock, and every Share of the *African* and *Hudſon Bay* joint Stock; and upon this Act likewiſe the Crown was enabled to borrow 500,000*l.* at 8 *l. per Cent. per Ann.*

Thus for anſwering the Supplies of this enſuing Year, no leſs than *two Millions* were to be borrowed at a very extravagant Intereſt or Advantage; and yet there would probably be a Deficiency to be made good by ſome future Seſſion of Parliament; and the Practice of mortgaging for a long Term, or re-mortgaging for an additional Term the public Revenue, being now introduced, and, I may ſay, eſtabliſhed, we ſhall hereafter ſee how conſtantly it was followed, and at laſt improved into Mortgages *for ever*; ſo that King *William*'s having no Children may be ſaid to have been a Misfortune to this Nation; for if he had been to be ſucceeded by a Child of his own, he would, if poſſible, by ſome Method or other have taken Care not to leave his own Poſterity ſo incumbered; becauſe the Viciſſitude of human Affairs is ſuch, that no Succeſs in the War he was engaged in could have abſolutely ſecured his very next Succeſſor from being involved in a War equally dangerous and expenſive. Before I conclude I muſt obſerve, that by an Act of this Seſſion the 10th Branch of the old Revenue, or Coinage Duties, was continued from *February* 19, 1692, for ſeven Years, and from thence to the end of next Seſſion of Parliament.

SECT. IX. *W. & M. Parl.* 2. *Seſſ.* 5.

The Supplies granted in the 5th Seſſion of this Parliament, which began *November* 7, 1693, and ended by Prorogation *April* 25, 1694, were as follow, *viz.*

I. For the Maintenance of the Fleet for the Year 1694, in the whole 2,400,000 *l.*

II. For Seamen's Wages then, it ſeems, in Arrear, 500,000 *l.*

III. For a Deficiency upon the ſaid ſecond Act of the preceding Seſſion, 118,506 *l.* 5 *s.* 10 *d.* And

IV. For raiſing a great many new Regiments of Horſe, Dragoons, and Foot, and maintaining an Army of 83,121 Men for the Service of the Year 1694; in the whole, 2,520,581 *l.* 9 *s.* 9 *d.*

Theſe were the Supplies granted by this Seſſion, amounting in the whole to 5,539,087 *l.* 15 *s.* 7 *d.* and the Ways and Means provided for raiſing them were as follow, *viz.*

I. *An Act for granting to their Majeſties* 4 *s. in the Pound for one Year, for carrying on a vigorous War againſt* France.

II. *An Act to ſupply the Deficiency of the Money raiſed by the ſecond Money-Act of the former Seſſion, before mentioned.*

III. *An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of* one Million *towards carrying on the War againſt* France.

IV. *An Act for raiſing Money by a Poll payable quarterly for one Year, for carrying on a vigorous War againſt* France.

V. *An Act for granting to their Majeſties ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Tonage of Ships and Veſſels, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of* 1,500,000 *l. towards carrying on the War againſt* France.

VI. *An Act for granting to their Majeſties ſeveral Duties upon Velum, Parchment and Paper, for four Years, towards carrying on the War againſt* France. And

VII. *An Act for the licencing and regulating Hackney Coaches, and Stage Coaches.*

The firſt of theſe Money-Acts ſtands not in need of any Explanation; but as to the ſecond, the Deficiency thereby intended to be made good, is a Proof how ſhy the People were in thoſe Days to truſt their Money in the Hands of the Public; and in order to make good this Deficiency, the Contributors were by this Act to have 14 *l. per Ann.* for any Life they ſhould name, upon every 100 *l.* they ſhould advance.

By the third Act, a new Duty was laid upon Salt made or imported from *March* 25, 1694, to *May* 17, 1697; and a new Exciſe upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, from the 17th of *May*, 1697; for ſixteen Years; and out of theſe Duties, a yearly Sum of 140,000 *l.* was eſtabliſhed, as a Fund for borrowing *a Million* by Way of Lottery at 10 *l.* a Ticket; being the firſt Time we fell into that *Dutch* Cuſtom of raiſing Money by Lottery, which is the Bane of Induſtry, Frugality and Virtue.

By the fifth, a Duty of ſo much *per Ton* was laid upon all Merchant-ſhips importing Goods, or carrying any Goods Coaſt-wiſe; which Duty was higher or lower according to the Voyage: And it is remarkable, that Ships from *Holland* or *Flanders* were by this Act to pay but 3 *s. per Ton*, whereas thoſe from our own Plantations were to pay 10 *s.* nor was there any Difference made between *foreign* and *Engliſh* built Ships. This Duty was to commence *June* 1, 1694, and to continue for *four* Years: But, as it might have been foreſeen, it was found to be ſo prejudicial to our Navigation, that it was aboliſhed from and after *May* 17, 1696.

To be continued.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Conſtantinople, Jan. 6. The Porte has determined to make Part in the Affairs of Perſia. Accordingly Preparations are making to aſſemble 50,000 Men near Bagdat; and in a Divan held lately, a Reſolution was taken to lay an extraordinary Tax on all Revenues, which is the uſual Prelude of a War.

Moſcow, Feb. 17. The uncommon Inclemency of the Weather, and the Nature of our Water, which diſagrees with thoſe who are not uſed to it, have occaſioned a Sickneſs with which moſt of the Court have been ſeized. It begins with a violent Headach, continual Coughing, inward Pains, and Watchfulneſs. On the 10th the Empreſs complained of an Headach, and had all the other Symptoms. Mr. Boerhaave, her firſt Phyſician, who was confined to his Bed by the ſame Indiſpoſition, was forced to get up to attend her; and preſcribed ſome Medicines that had a very good Effect; but her Cough increaſing, ſhe was blooded Yeſterday, which gave her immediate Relief. The Progreſs of this Diſtemper is owing in Part to the Want of proper Accommodations, the Number of Perſons that have flocked hither from Peterſbourgh on Occaſion of her Imperial Majeſty's Reſidence with us, exceeding 80,000; and the Houſes rebuilt ſince the Fire not being quite finiſhed.

Madrid, Feb. 20. The Dutch Ambaſſador has preſented a Memorial, complaining of the Outrages committed againſt the Subjects of the States General by the Guarda Coſtas in the Weſt-Indies.

On the 12th Inſtant died aged 71, Don William Laſcy (Brother to the Field Marſhal of that Name who died lately in the Ruſſian Service) Lieutenant-General, and one of the oldeſt and beſt Officers in our Army.

Madrid, Feb. 27. The ill Succeſs of Mr. Keene's Negociation is aſcribed to a Reſolution which the King has taken, not to ſuffer any Nation to trade to our Settlements in America. Accordingly Orders have been ſent to the Guarda Coſtas to be more vigilant, and ſome Men of War and Frigates will ſpeedily join them.

We are aſſur'd that Lieutenant-General Wall, our Ambaſſador at London, is directed to apply in the ſtrongeſt Manner at the Britiſh Court, that the Execution of the Sentence given againſt ſome Spaniſh Captains, who have been declared Pirates, and as ſuch are to ſuffer Death, may be ſuſpended, till ſuch Time as more perfect Information, relative thereto, can be obtained from Jamaica.

Vienna, Feb. 28. The firſt Orders have been iſſued to the Regiments who are to form the Camps in Bohemia and Hungary, to hold themſelves in Readineſs.

The Tax on Meat is raiſed; and it is reported the Land-Tax will alſo be augmented.

Stockholm, March 2. Orders are given for our Land Forces to be compleated this Spring, and the Marines and Men of War againſt Summer.

We hear the Senate has reſolved to take off the Tax on Windows, and to lay one in the Room on Tea and Coffee to be paid by the Conſumers.

Genoa, March 3. The Retreat of the French from Corſica appearing to be not very diſtant, the Genoeſe are withdrawing a Part of the Troops they have on the Continent, in order to ſend them to Corſica to reinforce the Garriſons of the Places they ſtill poſſeſs in that Iſland, viz. Baſtia, the Capital, Calvi, Ajaccio, and St. Boniface. The three laſt are good Harbours, and well defended on the Land-Side; ſo that we are under no Apprehenſion of the Rebels making themſelves Maſters of any of them. The ſtrongeſt Garriſon will be kept in Baſtia, in order to ſeize the firſt Opportunity of retaking San Fiorenzo, which the French think themſelves obliged to put into the Hands of the Rebels. For the reſt; the Republic has taken her Reſolution, and will content herſelf proviſionally with keeping Poſſeſſion of the Towns garriſoned by her Troops.

Hamburgh, March 16. It is reported that the King of Pruſſia has warmly ſollicited the Court of Denmark to exempt Pruſſian Veſſels from the Toll paid by all other Nations at the Paſſage of the Sound.

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Lisbon, Feb 13. The great Drought giving us Reaſon to apprehend a bad Harveſt, the Court has iſſued Orders for buying foreign Corn, to be laid up in Magazines in different Parts of the Kingdom.

Rome, March 3. The Pope has concluded a Convention with the King of Spain, by Virtue of which his Holineſs gives up his Right of Nomination to ſmall Benefices in his Catholick Majeſty's Dominions in Favour of the King of Spain; his Majeſty, by Way of Acknowledgment, has remitted Two Millions of Piaſtres to the Pope, which Treaſure has been depoſited in the Caſtle of St. Angelo, and will be applied to pay off a Capital for which the Apoſtolical Chamber pays a large Intereſt.

Geneva, March 10. Yeſterday Afternoon a Shock of an Earthquake was felt all over this City. It laſted about two Minutes, with ſo much Violence, that it rung one of the Bells in the Steeple, but we don't hear of any Damage done by it. The Inhabitants remember one of the ſame Kind about thirty Years ago.

Vienna, March 10. The Succeſs which has attended the Meaſures taken by the Court to reſtore the Finances, has determin'd the Empreſs Queen to begin twelve Years ſooner than her Agreement, to pay off the Money which ſhe borrow'd of her Subjects during the late War, the Intereſt of which has been punctually paid as it became due. In conſequence of this Reſolution the Capital will begin to be paid off next Week at the Bank of this City.

The Propoſals which have been made by this Court to that of Spain, for concluding a Treaty of Commerce, having met with a favourable Reception, we hope ſoon to have a good Account of that Affair.

Ratiſbon, March 15. The Miniſters of the Evangelick Body have at length ſent to Vienna the Letter which they propoſed to have wrote long ago to their Imperial Majeſties, to beg them to redreſs the Grievances of the Proteſtants in Upper Auſtria, Styria, and Carinthia.

Manheim, March 16. All the Officers of the Palatine Troops are ordered to appear at Court in no other Dreſs than their Regimentals, on Pain of being put under Arreſt for two Months, for the firſt Offence, and of being puniſhed at Diſcretion for the ſecond.

Hamburg, March 15. His Pruſſian Majeſty has leſſened the Duty on Coffee landed at Stetin; but augmented the Duty paid on it in all his other Ports.

Paris, March 24. The Dutcheſs de Penthievre was ſafely deliver'd of a Princeſs a few Days ago.

Demoiſelle Mary Quiſſon died at Eſone the 18th Inſtant, in the 110th Year of her Age.

Yeſterday being the Anniverſary of the Reduction of this City by Henry IV. it was obſerved by Proceſſions, at which the Parliament and all other Courts aſſiſted.

M. Ammon, the Pruſſian Miniſter has ſucceeded in his Commiſſion relating to Commerce, the King having granted ſeveral conſiderable Privileges to the Pruſſians in their Trade to this Kingdom and to the French Settlements in America.

Some Days ago four Robbers diſguiſed like Nuns of St. Clair, who go begging from Town to Town, went in the Evening to a Curate's near Verſailles and aſked for a Lodging. The honeſt Curate, deceived by their Appearance, readily conſented to their ſtaying all Night. But in Converſation one of them happening to drop ſome Words, which diſcovered who they were, the Curate, without any Emotion, got up, and ſtepping into the Kitchen under Pretence of haſtening the Supper, whiſper'd a Servant to fetch the Guards, who came and ſeized the pretended Siſters juſt as they were ſitting down to Supper. On ſearching them, there were found ſeveral Piſtols. Their Trial is now depending.

PORT NEWS.

Falmouth, March 24. Wind N. W. Arrived Harlequin, Manſell, from Monſerrat for London. Sailed King George Packet, Brown, for Liſbon.

Plymouth, March 25. Came in the Britannia, King, from London for Liſbon. Sailed his Majeſty's Ships Garland and Unicorn. The Portmahon Man of War is come into the Sound.

Deal, March 28. Wind E. S. E. Came down the Britannia, Godſalve, for Liſbon; Charming Molly, Deddear, for Falmouth; Salisbury, Ivain, for Southampton; and are ſailed with moſt of the outward-bound Ships. Remain his Majeſty's Ships Winchelſea, Torrington, Garland, Roſe and Savage Sloop, with the Eaſt India Ships. Arrived the Race Horſe, Engledue, from Antigua.

Arrived,

At Antigua, the Neptune, Rutherford, Charming Betſy, Smith, Sincere Friend, Tyrer, and Francis, Rouch, from London.

At Cadiz, the Gothick Lyon, and Adolph, Frederick, from Gottenbourg, Cadiz Galley, Bourk, from London; and the Experidion, Del Villar, from Carthagena.

At Dover, the Prince George, Thwaites, from Jamaica.

At St. Kitt's, the Willet, Griffith, from London.

At Malaga, the Nazareth, Kennedy, from Palermo.

At Monſerrat, the Succeſs, Allen, from Boſton.

At Jamaica, the Fonthill, Reynolds, Effingham, Bellamy, Adventure, Hoſſack, Potmahon, Hodge, and Cecilia, Forbes, from London.

At Santa Cruz, the Martha, Curtlett, from London.

At Vera Cruz, the N. S. Del Carmen Yanima, Salazar, from Cadiz.

HOME AFFAIRS.

Dublin, March 20. On Friday Night, and on Saturday Morning, two Children of the Right Hon. John Ponſonby, Eſq; one of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Revenue, died at his Houſe in Henrietta Street.

Laſt Saturday died, at his Seat at the Hill in the County of Armagh, Robert Cope, Eſq; Knight of the Shire for that County. William Brownlow, Eſq; and the Hon. Francis Coulfield, Eſq; have declared themſelves Candidates in his room.

By the late high Winds, Rains, and Floods, many Ships have been caſt away, and great Damage done upon our Coaſts, the Inland Parts of the Country and the Liffey.

Galway, March 16 A Boat belonging to one Mr. Blakes, and another belonging to a Revenue Officer of this Town, were ſeized here for running Wool.

Edinburgh, March 22. On Sunday laſt died, at her Houſe in the County of Fife, the Right Hon. Rachel Pauncefort Counteſs Dowager ſenior of Kincardine.

On Saturday the 10th Inſtant died, at his Houſe of Arnoch, in the County of Cromarty, Alexander Gordon, Eſq; in the ſixty eighth Year of his Age.

About a Fortnight ago, a Farmer in Cabrach was ſhot by the following Accident. His Servant had been a Hunting, and coming home cold in the Evening ſat down by the Fire, with his Gun reſted between his Feet: On his Maſter's coming in he was getting up to give him place, which the other kindly refuſed, and put his Hand on the Muzzle of the Gun, which inſtantly diſcharged itſelf through his Hand, and Part of his Head. The poor Man languiſhed two Days in great Torment, and died, begging they would have no Reſentment againſt the Lad, who was the innocent Cauſe of his Death.

Newcaſtle, March 24. On Thurſday the Body of Mr. William Maud (who has been miſſing ſince January 24th) was found by a Country Boy in a Stell, or Runner of Water, near Boldon, not far off the Road from Cleadon; he had on all his Apparel as deſcribed in the Advertiſement. The Coroner's Inqueſt ſat on the Body Yeſterday, but their Verdict we have not yet heard.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight the Hopewell, Jonathan Swede, Maſter, belonging to Stockton, overſet in the hard Gale of Wind near Newbiggin, after having cut away her Maſts, &c. the Crew were taken up by Fox Pink, Newby, of Sunderland.

We are adviſed from Felton, that one Snowden there has a Cow that calved four Calves, which are ſince all dead, and the Cow likely to do well.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight a Fellow, in the Habit of a Sailor, came up with one James ———, in the Road between Harton and Weſto, as he was going from Sunderland to Shields, and asked Charity from him, who civilly made him anſwer, 'The Times were hard, and he himſelf wanted Money'; whereupon the Fellow, with a large Stick, hit him a violent Blow acroſs his Face, and knocked him down, and repeated more Blows upon his Head, took from him one Guinea in Gold, ſeven Shillings in Silver, and ſome Copper, and alſo his Silver Shoe Buckles; he begged hard to have the Copper returned to pay his Paſſage acroſs the Water, which he refuſed, and, after giving him ſeveral Blows on the Head, left him rolling in his Gore.

Birmingham, March 24. On Saturday laſt the Aſſizes ended at Stafford, when William Wilſon, for Sheep ſtealing; and Joſeph Williams, for robbing Mr. Mathews on the Highway near Wolverhampton, were capitally convicted. James Lockley, for having a Quantity of counterfeit Halfpence in his Cuſtody, and Tools for making the ſame, is to be impriſoned for two Years. William Wilſon was reprieved.

Joſeph Williams denied his being guilty, and had four Perſons to prove that he was at Redburn when the Robbery was committed; and after his Condemnation, he declared, that the Robbery was committed by one Davis and two of his Brothers, Thomas and James Williams. On Tueſday Night his ſaid Brothers were taken up in this Town, and they have confeſſed that they, in Company with the ſaid Davis, were guilty of that Robbery, and that Joſeph Williams was not concerned therein, or privy thereto till after the Faſt was committed.

Thomas Williams hath alſo confeſſed his being concerned in ſeveral other Robberies, ſome with his Brother James, and ſome with other People, upon which he and his Brother James were Yeſterday committed to Warwick Gaol.

At Shrewſbury Aſſizes, which ended on Thurſday laſt, no Body was capitally convicted.

On Saturday Night laſt, about Nine o'Clock, George Woolley, a Butcher, of Vauxhall in Surrey, who went to buy ſome Cattle of Mr. Leach, of the ſame Place, finding him and his Wife in Bed, began to be merry with their Daughters, who were up, which ſo irritated the old Gentlewoman, that ſhe got up, in order to force him away, and in the Scuffle, (ſuppoſed thro' violent Paſſion) dropt down dead. The Coroner's Jury have ſat on the Body, and brought in their Verdict Accidental Death.

Cambridge, March 24. On Thurſday laſt the two Gold Medals, of the Value of ten Guineas each, given by the Duke of Newcaſtle, Chancellor of this Univerſity, for the Encouragement of Claſſical Learning, were by the Vice Chancellor, and the other Gentlemen Examiners, decided in Favour of Mr. Craven and Mr. Pilgrim, of St. John's College.

Reading, March 24. This Afternoon John Heath, convicted at our Aſſizes for breaking open the Houſe of Mr. Smith at Boxford, and ſtealing about 300*l.* with ſome Plate and Linnen, was executed according to his Sentence. His Companion, Joſeph Wicks, receiv'd a Reprieve Yeſterday.

Canterbury, March 24. We hear the two Soldiers tried this Week at Rocheſter for breaking open a Cheſt at Arthford, are both convicted.

Saliſbury, March 26. On Tueſday Morning died ſuddenly, in the 50th Year of his Age, Mr. Francis Price, Architect, and Clerk of the Works to the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Sarum.

Gloucester, March 27. Sunday laſt, about Four in the Afternoon, a violent Hail-Storm happened at Weſton-Birt, near Tedbury, in this County, attended by a prodigious Guſt of Wind, which continu'd about two Minutes, and blew down Part of a Wall, a Barn, ſeveral large Elms, and broke off a large Aſh-tree in the Body; beſides doing other Damages.

LONDON.

They write from Cadiz of the 8th Inſtant, that the Night before, and all that Day, they had a violent Storm, which forced ſeveral Ships to Sea, and drove others aſhore; and the Gale continued when the Advices came away.

The Minerva, James, is aſhore in the Bay of Cadiz. The Nancy, Murphy, drove out to Sea in the Gale.

On Thurſday the 1ſt Inſtant, arrived in the Bay of Cadiz, the San Eſperidion Regiſter Ship, from Carthagena, having on board 338,557 Piaſtres in Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion; 507,130 lb. of Cacao, 80,025 lb of Caſcariſle, 1050 lb. Vigonia Wool, 320 Hides, and ſeveral other Goods.

On Wedneſday the 21ſt Inſtant, about ſeven o'Clock, as Dr. Hancock, of the *Cloſe of Saliſbury*, was going to Bath to viſit his Lady (being there ſick) in his Poſt Chaiſe, and one of his Daughters with him, they were attacked on Clerk-Down, near Bath, by two Highwaymen; who firſt fired a loaded Piſtol through the Side Glaſs, then a ſecond through the other Side, before any Demand made; and then a third Piſtol was fired through the back Part, which providentially went through juſt above the Child's Head, without doing any Miſchief; and at the ſame Time a fourth Piſtol was diſcharged through the Front Glaſs, with the like Succeſs.

The Doctor and his Child got out as faſt as poſſible after this Broadſide, when with dreadful Oaths and Imprecations they demanded his Money, Watch, Plate, Jewels, Bills, &c. ——He gave them what Money he had, being about 35*l.* in Gold and Silver, and his Gold Watch; and then the Villains took out his Cloak, Bag, and Portmanteau, which they carried off. They threatned to kill the Child, as he produced no more Money, but were with great Intreaties prevented doing any more Miſchief. The Cloaths, Linen, Lace, Plate, &c. contained in the Portmanteau are valued at 150*l.* The Villains were purſued by Hue and Cry, but are not yet taken.

By Capt. Smith arrived at New York, we are informed, that Capt. Tucker bound from that Province for the Virginia Iſlands, having loſt his Mate and ſeveral Men at Sea by the Small Pox, put into Bermuda, where the Captain died ſoon after; and that Capt. Hunt bound for Curaccoa had likewiſe put in there, having loſt his Mate and ſeveral others of the ſame Diſtemper.

Wedneſday a young Gentleman of Fortune, near Aldgate, took ſo large a Quantity of Poiſon that he inſtantly died.

We hear by particular Letters from Berlin, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has given Orders to his Commiſſaries in the ſeveral Parts of Sileſia where the Silver Mines were working, to render an Account of the yearly Produce of the ſaid Mines; in order as we hear to ſatisfy fully the Loans thereupon, during the Reign of the late Emperor.

Thurſday the Governors, &c. of the Lying in Hoſpital in Alderſgate Street proceeded in order from Shafſbury Houſe to St. Andrew, Holbourn, and heard a Sermon ſuitable to the charitable Occaſion, and afterwards dined in an elegant Manner.

This Week the Maſter of a Workhouſe near this City, was committed to Gaol, for uſing two Perſons under his Care, with ſuch Severity as to occaſion their Deaths.

There are Letters from Madrid which intimate, that, notwithſtanding what has been reported, Mr. Marſhal, the Pruſſian Agent, is on his Return to Berlin, without having ſucceeded in his Commiſſion relating to Commerce.

The ſame Letters adviſe, that the French Ambaſſador had not as yet been able to obtain Reſtitution of the Privileges which the French formerly enjoyed in Spain.

Letters from Berlin and Francfort adviſe, that a Negotiation is on Foot between the Courts of Berlin and Heſſe-Caſſel, for taking 6,000 Heſſians into the Pay of his Pruſſian Majeſty.

Sunday his Majeſty and the Royal Family were at the Chapel Royal at St. James's, and heard an excellent Sermon preached by the Lord Biſhop of Hereford, from theſe Words, *Be ſwift to hear, ſlow to ſpeak.*

The ſame Day, being the Birth day of his Royal Highneſs Prince Edward, who then entered into the fourteenth Year of his Age, there was a Grand Drawing Room, and the Nobility and Gentry were very numerous and brilliant to compliment his Majeſty on the Occaſion.

The Prince of Wales appeared in a fine Engliſh Silver coloured Velvet richly embroidered, and the Princeſſes Auguſta and Elizabeth in white Silver Brocades.

Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager, the Counteſs of Torrington and Middleſex, and the reſt of the Ladies of her Court, appeared in Mourning.

The Lords of the Admiralty have appointed Thomas Andrews, Eſq; to be Commander of the Cumberland Man of War of 70 Guns, now at Chatham, and is ordered to be fitted out for Sea with all Expedition.

Their Lordſhips have likewiſe appointed Capt. Renton to be Commander of the Somerſet, an 80 Gun Ship at Sheerneſs, and to be victualled for Sea with all Expedition.

There is Advice, that two Spaniſh Gallies cruiſing againſt the Britiſh American Veſſels in the Bays of Campeachy and Honduras, were loſt in a violent North Wind, and that many of the Ship's Company periſh'd.

The Sarah Capt. Lawſon, from Jamaica for London is condemn'd at Jamaica.

The Ship of Capt. Hargrave, of Philadelphia, laden with Wheat from Maryland for Liſbon, is loſt on the Middle Ground, between the Capes of Virginia.

The Swift, Capt. Cotter, from Leghorn for Amſterdam, is loſt in her Paſſage.

Monday the Right Hon. Henry Fox, Eſq; Secretary of War, was pleaſed to appoint Mr. Huſſey, to be a Clerk in the War-Office, in the room of Mr. Saunders deceaſed.

On Sunday laſt died at his Houſe at Greenwich Mr. Ruben Melmoth, formerly an eminent Apothecary on Snow Hill; but had retired from Buſineſs with a conſiderable Fortune

Laſt Saturday Night died of a Fever, at his Houſe at Clay Hill, Enfield, Joſeph Dobbins, Eſq; Filazer of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Devon.

The Aſſizes began at Thetford in Norfolk on Thurſday 7 Night when Thomas Yarham and Thomas Rutledge, both for Sheep Stealing, were caſt for Life.

Laſt Saturday John Heeder and Mary Johnſon were taken up in Biſhopſgate Street, in collecting Money with a counterfeit Paſs, to which Sir Joſeph Hankey's Name was forged, and were both Yeſterday committed to Bridewell.

Thurſday in Eaſter Week his Majeſty's Purſe of 100 Guineas will be run for on Newmarket Courſe by Horſes or Geldings ſix Years old, and on the Day following the ſame Sum by Mares.

On Sunday laſt was married, ——— Swaine, Eſq; Barriſter at Law, to Miſs Pureas of Norfolk-Street.

On Sunday laſt died at his Houſe at Forty hill, near Enfield, Mr. Henry Thompſon, formerly an eminent Laceman in Barbican.

Laſt Week died of a violent Fever, at his Brother-in-Law's in Southampton Buildings, ——— Hunter, Eſq; a young Gentleman lately come from Oxford to be admitted into Prieſt's Orders. His Fortune, which is conſiderable, devolves to his Siſter, Lady of John Deighton, Eſq;

On Saturday a Horſe keeper belonging to Truman's Brewhouſe in Spitalfields received ſuch a violent Kick on his Head from one of the Horſes that his Scull was fractured, and he died the next Day in great Agoniee, leaving a Wife and four Children.

On Saturday Morning died, far advanced in Years at her Lodgings in Pall-Mall, Mrs. Clarke, a Maiden Gentlewoman of good Fortune.

On Saturday laſt died, at his Houſe in King ſtreet Weſtminſter, Mr. Bywater, Fiſhmonger.

We hear from Radnorſhire, that they have lately diſcovered a rich lead Mine; but that there had been ſuch a Conteſt between ſome Parties as to Right of Property, that they were obliged to ſend for ſome Troops to keep the Peace, and prevent the Effuſion of Blood.

Sunday Morning died, at his Houſe near Southgate, Mr. Cornelius Neale, an eminent Conſractor and a Contractor to the Navy, worth 100001.

The ſame Day Thomas Wilſon, Eſq; of Mary le Bone, was married at St. George's, Hanover Square, to Miſs Hutchinſon of Cheliea, an agreeable young Lady, with a large Fortune.

Laſt Saturday Night about Nine o'Clock, two little Boys, Sons of a Butcher in Great Earl-Street, Seven Dials, playing together, the youngeſt (who is about ſix Years old) ran out of the Shop with a long Knife in his Hand in Purſuit of the other, but ruſhing againſt one Mr. Peter Sperbank, then unfortunately paſſing along, plunged the Knife into his Thigh, who immediately fell down without uttering a Word, and expired in about a Quarter of an Hour. Mr. Sperbank was Clerk to a Merchant in the City, and had been to ſup with his Wife, who keeps a Snuff-Shop near the Seven Dials, and by whom he has left two Children.

Tueſday the Coroner's Inqueſt ſat on the Body, and brought in their Verdict, Accidental.

Laſt Thurſday Morning died at his Houſe in Queen-Street, Weſtminſter, Mr. Nicholas Vacry, formerly an eminent French Surgeon.

On Thurſday laſt was married at Braintree in Eſſex, George Greene, of Stoke Newington, Eſq; to Mrs. Butts, Widow of the late Dr Butts, Biſhop of Ely.

Laſt Saturday Mr. John Hawkins, Attorney, in Auſtin-Fryars, was married to Miſs Storer, of Highgate.

Monday the Rev. Dr. Markham was introduced into the King's School at Weſtminſter, as Head Maſter, in the room of the Rev. Dr. Nicholls, who has reſign'd.

They write from South Carolina that a Proclamation had been iſſued at that Province, forbidding the Exportation of Corn and Rice, and that moſt of the Veſſels there were taking in Lumber.

They write from Jamaica, that a great Number of Engliſh Priſoners, who had been taken at ſundry Times and carried into St. Domingo, have been releaſed, and are ſince arrived at New York, Jamaica, &c.

On Saturday died at his Houſe near Saltpetre Bank, Mr. Riddle, Maſter of a Veſſel in the Streights Trade, of the Small Pox. His Wife died the Day before of the ſame Diſtemper; and two of their Children are ſeized with it

On Saturday Mr. Joſeph Bailey, many Years an eminent Iron monger and Brazier in Fenchurch Street, was ſuddenly taken ill in Biſhopſgate Street, and died in a few Minutes.

On Sunday a Highwayman made his Appearance on Wimbleton Common, and robbed ſeveral Perſons in Chaiſes and on Horſeback; he behaved with great boldneſs, and ſaid to all the Perſons he robbed, Gentlemen, I never rob but on Sundays, and if you don't deliver your Life muſt pay for your Folly.

Monday died at his Houſe in St. Paul's Church Yard, aged near ſeventy Years, Mr. Belchier, for many Years paſt a very eminent Cabinet Maker, and a near Relation of Mr. Belchier, Member in the preſent Parliament for the Borough of Southwark.

Very lately died at his Seat near Cherbury, in the County of Salop, Edward Herbert, Eſq; a near Relation of the preſent Lord Herbert of Cherbury, in that County.

We hear that one of the Soldiers, lately tried for Deſertion at the Judge Advocate's Office, is to ſuffer Death, and the other to be Tranſported, and they are to caſt Lots.

On Saturday a Soldier was by Juſtice Lediard committed to the Gatehouſe, for breaking into a Man's Houſe in St. Anne's Lane, and getting to Bed with the Maid.

The Sarah, Capt. Derby, from Nova Scotia for New England, was loſt in her Paſſage near Cape Samburgh: A Negro that was on Board was drowned; the Maſter received ſo much Hurt that he died ſoon after he got aſhore; the Reſt of his People continued on an Iſland five or ſix Days, but were taken off by Fiſhing-Boats who carried them to Halifax in Nova Scotia.

Letters from Saltsbourgh of the 6th Inſtant informs us, that the Election of their new Prince and Biſhop is fix'd for the 12th; and 'tis reported with ſome Aſſurance, that the ſame will be decided in favour of Count Thun, who has great Intereſt.

The write from Stockholm, that the 1ſt Inſtant the New Stile took place for the firſt Time; and that the Queen, who has been ill of a Fever, is now recovered. They alſo write, that a new Miniſter from Denmark is expected there, in order to cultivate a good Harmony between the Courts of Sweden and Denmark.

We have an Account from Africa, that two Men of War and three Sloops were on the Coaſt of Guiney to protect the Britiſh Trade there.

The Schooner of Capt. John Green, from North Carolina for Philadelphia, laden with Bever, Furr, Wax, and other Goods, is loſt to the Eaſtward of the Capes of Virginia; the Captain and his People were ſaved by Capt. Alliſon, bound for Antigua.

Monday died at Iſlington, Mrs. Mary Bignoll, an antient Gentlewoman of conſiderable Fortune.

Mondday died Mr. Matthias Stone, a Merchant in Gracechurch Street.

Tueſday Walter Smart, Eſq; of Kingſton in Surry, was married to Miſs Fanny Ellerton, of Great Ruſſel Street; a young Lady of a plentiful Fortune.

Tueſday Morning one Swan was taken in Shad-Thames for a Burglary, and for returning from Tranſportation before his limited Time.

The Alexander, Capt. Robert Moody, of New London, from Jamaica, is loſt in the Gulf, laden with Rum, Sugar, Logwood, and other Goods of great Value.

Tueſday died at his Houſe in Shire-Lane, Mr. Starling, Attorney at Law.

Tueſday a Man of 50 Years of Age walked, for five Guineas, 40 Miles in ten Hours, in Clapham Road; he ſet out at Six in the Morning, and finiſhed his Taſk half an Hour paſt Three in the Afternoon.

On Monday in the Afternoon, two Men went to the King's Head Alehouſe at Freſh Wharf, and called for a Tankard of Beer, which being brought, they took an Opportunity to make off with it undiſcovered.

On Sunday Night laſt a Publican in Roſemary-Lane, near Tower Hill, poiſoned himſelf, and notwithſtanding the uſual Remedies were applied, he died in great Agony.

Laſt Week died at the Seat of Sir John Cuſt, Bart. at Hanby Grange in Lincolnſhire, ——— Hazeldine, Eſq; Steward to Sir John, which Place he had enjoyed for a great many Years in the ſaid Family.

On Saturday died, at her Houſe in King Street, Covent Garden, in the 80th Year of her Age, Mrs. Blackmore, Mother of Thomas Blackmore, Eſq; of Briggins in Hertfordſhire, to whom her Jointure deſcends.

We hear a Bill is ordered to be brought into Parliament for the more effectually levying the Duties on Windows and Lights in Scotland.

A new Writ is ordered to be iſſued out for electing a Burgeſs to ſerve in this preſent Parliament for the Borough of Woodſtock in the County of Oxford, in the room of the Hon. John Trevor, now Lord Trevor.

They write from Dublin, that ſeveral Artificers in the different Branches of the Woolen Trade have lately diſappeared, with Intent (as is ſuſpected) of removing to Spain. This Suſpicion ſeems to be the better grounded, as it is well known that the Emiſſaries of that Nation have for ſome Time paſt been very active in procuring Hands; and that, in order to carry on their Deſign with the greater Security and Succeſs, they have appeared under various Diſguiſes, one, in particular, had no ſooner ſeduced a conſiderable Number on board, than he immediately threw off his aſſumed Dreſs of a Journeyman Weaver, and appeared in laced Cloaths, and the proper Habit of a Gentleman.

Laſt Week died at his Seat near Colcheſter Charles Chamberly Rebow, Eſq;

Wedneſday died, advanced in Years, Mrs. Norton, Wife of Mr. William Norton, an eminent Upholſterer at the Fleet-Market.

On Tueſday a Boat with two Watermen ſailing near Lambeth, ran foul of a Gentleman's Barge, by which unhappy Accident the Boat ove ſet, and the Men were drown'd.

We hear from Andover, that on Saturday the 17th Inſtant a Shoemaker and his Man, out of the Country, came there and offered a Brace of Hares to ſale to ſeveral Perſons, before they could meet with a Chap, and at laſt ſold them to two Shopkeepers; which they had no ſooner done than they went to Juſtice Pullen, to inform againſt the Purchaſers, for having each a Hare in his Cuſtody; but before their Information was taken the Buyers luckily heard of their Proceeding, and went in the Interim to the Bailiff of the Town, and lodged an Information againſt them for ſelling this Brace of Hares; on which they were immediately apprehended, and the Fact being proved, they incurred the Penalty; which, for Nonpayment, was directly levied on the Shoemaker's Horſe, and other Goods that he had with him. ——— Ne ſutor ultra Crepidam.

Wedneſday there was Advice that the Warren Frigate, Lackett, was arrived at Antigua in 28 Days from London, and that the Fane, Hindman, was arrived at St. Kitt's in 22 Days from London.

Wedneſday his Majeſty was pleaſed to appoint ——— Conningſby, Eſq; to be a Major in Colonel Conway's Regiment of Dragoons.

Princeſs Amelia has been pleaſed to appoint Miſs Harriot Bridges, to be one of the Maids of Honour to her Highneſs; and the Hon. Miſs Somers, to be one of the Ladies of her Chamber.

Great Intereſt is making at the City of Lincoln againſt the next General Election, between the Hon. Mr. Monſon, Mr. Chaplin, and Mr. Craycroft, who all ſtand ſingly on their own Intereſts.

On Tueſday Night a Sharper, genteely dreſs'd, went into a Hoſier's Shop in Fleet Street, under Pretence of buying a Pair of Silk Stockings, and ſtole ſeveral Pair, but was purſued, and taken with the Stockings; and Yeſterday committed to the Compter. He is an old Offender.

On Sunday laſt died at his Houſe at Clay Hill near Enfield, Mr. Thompſon, formerly an eminent Hoſier of this City.

Thurſday his Majeſty was pleaſed to preſent the two vacant Garters of the Thiſtle to the Earl of Rothes and Lord Brooke.

We hear that a Bill will be brought into the Houſe this Seſſions, for taking annually an Account of the Total Number of Marriages, Births, and Deaths, and the total Number of Poor receiving Alms, throughout Great Britain.

On Wedneſday 4000 Ounces of Gold Coin, and 54,000 Ounces of Silver Coin were entered for Holland.

The ſame Day 8000 Ounces of Silver Coin were entered for Hamburgh.

The Kent, Wheeler, is arrived at Dover, in 28 days from Leghorn.

The Diſpatch, Weſt, from Jamaica for London, is ſtranded in Jamaica.

Thurſday orders were given for fixing the ſtove-grates, &c. for his Majeſty's reception at Kenſington, who will certainly go there for the Summer Seaſon on Tueſday, the 27th of April, as formerly mention'd.

The Charming Sally, Capt. Malcolme, for Halifax in Nova Scotia, from Ireland, was loſt in her Paſſage. The Men were ſaved by a Schooner, who carried them to their intended Port.

Lent Sermons Yeſterday.

At the Chapel Royal, by the Dean of Rocheſter.

Whitehall chapel, Dr. Shuckford.
St. James, Clerkenwell, Mr. Jones.
St. Catherine-Cree, Dr. Plumptree.
St. Andrew Wardrobe, Dr. Heylin.
St. Bartholomew the Great, Dr. Beſt.
St. Giles in the Fields, Dr. Milles.

Thurſday was held a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordſhips put the Jenny, Mary, and Suſannah, Tenders into Commiſſion, and gave the commands to Capt. Wilks, Capt. Adams, and Capt. Sparks.

The ſame Day their Lordſhips appointed Mr. Hughes a Meſſenger to that Board.

Likewiſe the ſame Day the Earl of Cheſterfield came to his Houſe in May-Fair, from his Seat at Blackheath.

The Lord Feverſham is ſo well recovered of his Illneſs, as to ride in his Coach in Hyde-Park for the Benefit of the Air.

The Hon. Frederick Frankland, lately appointed Commiſſioner of the Exciſe, is ſo very ill of the Gout as not to be able to attend the Board.

The Hon. Charles Compton, Eſq; has declared himſelf a Candidate for the County of Northampton, at the next general Election.

We hear that Sir Richard Lloyd has declared himſelf a Candidate, at the next general Election, for Maldon in Eſſex, and it is ſaid there will be a great Oppoſition.

Thurſday, and not before, the Rt. Hon. Charles Earl of Tankerville, took his Oaths and ſeat in the Houſe of Peers.

The ſame Day the Counteſs Dowager of Tankerville waited on his Majeſty, and was moſt graciouſly received.

The ſame Day her Ladyſhip waited on her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager, where ſhe was received with great Affection, her Ladyſhip being Tutoreſs to the Princeſs Auguſta.

We hear that the Noblemen and Gentlemen inhabitants of St. James's-Square, have ordered that the dancing Bear ſhall not walk round that Square for the Wager depending on that Account, they being convinced that ſuch Practices are a Nuiſance, and that there are too many dancing bears already.

The Duke of Leeds is entirely recovered of his late Illneſs, and is gone down to Mims for his Health.

This Week a Turkiſh Gentleman, lately arrived here, who is very eminent in Portrait Painting, and known to Sir Everard Faulkner in Turky, was introduced to his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, and graciouſly received. This gentleman is dreſſed in the Habit of his Country, and remarkableby his Beard being long, curiouſly ſharped and curled.

It has been remarked, that in the Ordinance publiſhed in the Low Countries for a general Faſt, the principal Cauſes aſſigned are, the preſent Declenſion of Commerce, and the Dreadful Mortality among the Cattle.

Sunday there was a great Concourſe of People at Endfield-Waſh, who went on Horſeback and in Carriages to the Houſe of Mrs. Wells, to ſee the Room where Elizabeth Canning was ſaid to be confined.

We hear that one of the Children in the Foundling-Hoſpital (a Mulatta) has had an Eſtate of 800 l. per Annum lately left him; and that another of the Children, who is Blind, has had a Legacy of 50 l. per Annum left him.

Thurſday the Preſident and Governors of the City of London Lying in Hoſpital met at St. Andrews Holborn, when after a Sermon preach'd, they went in Proceſſion to Drapers Hall, where the Collection, with a Gift, amounted to near 900 l.

Thurſday came on the Election for a Lecturer of St. Mary Aldermary, in the room of Mr. Berriman, who has reſigned. The Candidates were reduced to two, viz. Mr. Fowkes and Mr. Black, when the former Gentleman was choſe by a Majority of three.

Thurſday at Chriſt's Hoſpital was held a General Court of the Preſident and Governors of the ſaid Houſe for the Admittance of Children, when 130 were accepted for Eaſter next; the Motion relating to the Children's Supper was poſtponed.

They write from Paxton, that on Saturday the 17th Inſtant a Cow belonging to a Farmer near Berwick upon Tweed, died ſuddenly of ſome ſingular Diſtemper, and upon opening her, Part of the Entrails flamed out with ſuch Violence as to burn the Cloths and Hair of the People Preſent, and had like to have burnt the Houſe. To account for which ſtrange and uncommon Phænomenon greatly puzzle the Vertuoſis there.

We have advice that Mr. Barbut, the Attorney, who ſhot Matthew Mills, Eſq; in a Duel, has been Tried and executed for the ſame.

On Saturday laſt was determined at the Court of Conſcience in Guildhall a remarkable Cauſe between a Victualler and an eminent Brewer in this City, viz. the Victualler on paying his Brewer off, and going to another, had not the Pin-Money or Poundage paid him back, as uſual, for which he ſummoned the Brewer, and on proving it had always been allowed till that Payment, and that it was the Cuſtom of the Trade, it was given in Favour of the Plaintiff.

Early on Thurſday Morning a large Seizure was made on the River of valuable Goods, which were attempted to be run from a Ship lately arrived.

Wedneſday a young Man, who lately lived at a Publick Houſe in Piccadilly, was detected at Enfield offering for Sale a Horſe which he had ſtolen near Hertford, and the ſame Evening was committed to New-Priſon. He had ſome Plate about him, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen.

Thurſday came an Account that two outlaw'd Smugglers are taken on the Coaſt of Suſſex, and are to be brought to Newgate.

Laſt Friday about Noon the Aſſizes ended at Rocheſter in and for the County of Kent, before Mr. Juſtice Wright and Mr. Juſtice Clive, where eight Perſons were capitally convicted, viz. John Downs and Edward Shores, for robbing Stephen Adams on the Highway; John Reeve, for robbing Mary Sacre on the Highway; William Rimes and John Catt, for breaking and robbing the dwelling Houſe of Thomas Fry; John May and Joſeph Carter, two Dragoons, for ſtealing upwards of 40 s. by breaking open the Cheſt of William M'lelan; and John Brown, for privately ſtealing out of the Shop of John Egleton, above the Value of 5 s. 13 were caſt for Tranſportation, 4 burnt in the Hand, 3 convicted of Petty Larceny, and 11 acquitted.

Amongſt the 4 burnt in the Hand were Richard Martin, John Martin, and Thomas Bentley, who were found guilty of Manſlaughter, in killing John Lawrence, Servant or Follower of one Gibbs, a Marſhal's Court Officer.

Mr. Juſtice Clive was pleaſed to reprieve before he left the Town, May, Carter, and Brown. The 5 remaining will be executed on Thurſday ſe'ennight.

Thurſday a young Lad fell from a Lighter near Cuper's Gardens and was drowned.

On Tueſday Evening as Mr. Tukes, of Clapham, with his Wife and two Daughters, were returning home from London in a Coach they were attacked a ſmall Diſtance from Vauxhall Turnpike by a ſingle Highwayman, who robbed them of two Guineas and ſome Silver, before he went off the Coachman jumped from the Box and ſeized him, but clapping Spurs to his Horſe he got from him.

On Monday Evening a Pint Silver Mug was ſtole from the Salutation and Cat in Newgate ſtreet.

Wedneſday a Coach was robbed on Hounſlow-Heath by a ſingle Highwayman, who was cloſely purſued and taken by ſome Gentlemen's Servants, and committed to Priſon.

Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels, together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and underſtanding. The Way to May to May Fair Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Charles-ſtreet, and turn on the left Hand.

BANKRUPTS.

John Atkinſon, of Whitehaven in Cumberland, Merchant.

Thomas Abraham, of Whitehaven, Grocer.

Richard Richardſon, of Whitehaven, Mercer and Draper.

James Hartwell, of Newport-Pagnel, Mercer and Draper.

This Day is publiſh'd, Price 6 d. Numb. XLVIII.

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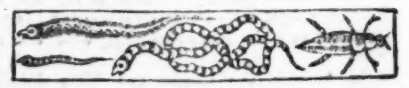

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